Code No: 19EET404

b)

R19

[4M]

II B. TECH II SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, AUGUST 2021 THERMAL AND HYDRO PRIME MOVERS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 60

Note: Answer **ONE** question from each Unit (5 × 12 = 60 Marks) UNIT - I 1. [6M] a) Define the various thermodynamic systems, path function and point function. [6M] b) State and explain Second law of thermodynamics. (OR) 2. a) Define the adiabatic process and derive the adiabatic law $pv^{\gamma}=c$. [6M] b) When a stationary mass of gas was compressed without friction at constant [6M] pressure its initial state of 0.4m³ and 0.105 MPa was found to change to final state of 0.20 m³ and 0.105 MPa. There was a transfer of 42.5 kJ of heat from the gas during the process. How much did the internal energy of the gas change. UNIT - II 3. Compare Otto, Diesel and Dual Cycles. [6M] a) b) [6M] Explain the forced circulation cooling system with a neat sketch. (OR) 4. Describe the construction and working principle of an internal combustion [6M] a) engine and list its parts with a neat sketch. b) List out the Differences between closed-cycle and open-cycle gas turbines. [6M] UNIT – III 5. a) Draw the velocity-triangle diagram for an impulse turbine blade and derive [8M] the expressions for work done and axial thrust. [4M] b) Explain velocity compounding in an impulse turbine. (OR) 6. A single-stage impulse turbine is supplied with steam at 4 bar and 160°C and a) it is exhausted at a condenser pressure of 0.15 bar at the rate of 60 kg/min. The steam expands in a nozzle with an efficiency of 90%. The blade speed is 250 m/s and the nozzles are inclined at 20° to the plane of the wheel. The blade angle at the exit of the moving blade is 30°. Neglecting friction losses in the moving blades, determine, (a) Steam jet velocity, (b) Power developed, (c) Blade efficiency, (d) Stage efficiency

Why the steam turbines are compounded? Explain.

UNIT -IV

- 7. Explain briefly about the kinematic and dynamic viscosities and state their [6M] a) units of measurements.

 - Describe about the Pascal's law and derive an expression for the pressure [6M] b) variation in a fluid at rest condition.

- Describe the Euler equation of motion and derive the Bernoulli's equation [6M] 8. a) from it.
 - Differentiate between the simple manometer and a differential manometer [6M] b) with neat sketches.

UNIT-V

- 9. Derive an expression for the force exerted by the jet on stationary inclined [6M] a) plate.
 - b) Explain about the classification of the hydraulic turbines and discuss its [6M] different efficiencies.

(OR)

- 10. a) A jet of water of diameter 50mm strikes a fixed plate in such a way that the [6M] angle between the plate and the jet is 30° . The force exerted in the direction of the jet is 1471.5N. Determine the rate of flow of water.
 - Illustrate the different parts of the Pelton turbine. b) [6M]

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